

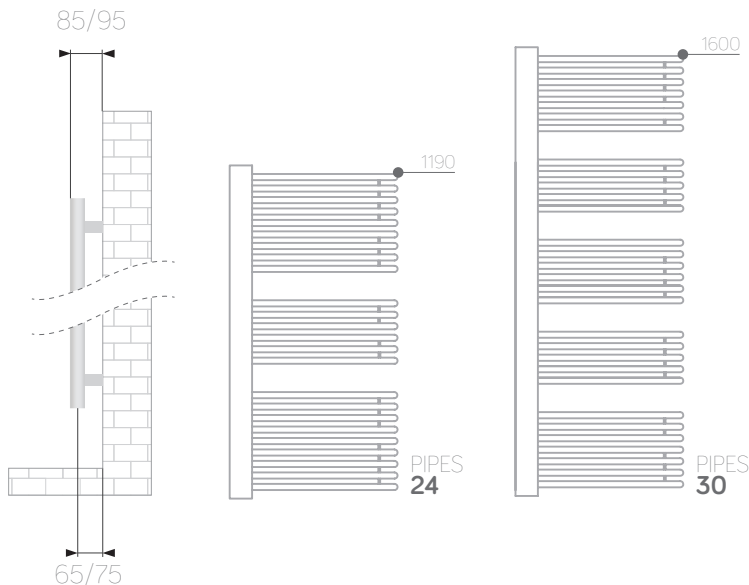
# Grado

Technical sheet



ONLY 50MM CONNECTIONS

REVERSIBLE



Material	carbon steel
Pipes- Ø	22x1,2
Collector - mm	80x40x2
Connections	4x1/2 (air bleeding valve connection, included)
Wall fixings	3
Max pressure	6 bar
Max temperature	90 °C
Paint	epoxypolyester powder
Packaging	cardboard box and protections + polyethylene foam sheet

**Standard equipment:** 1 kit wall fixing brackets - 1 air bleeding valve - 1 blind plug  
- 2 chromed caps for blind plug and air bleeding valve

## White RAL 9016

code	h (mm)	width (mm)	pipe centre (mm)	weight (kg)	water (lt)	ΔT50 °C (watt)	ΔT30 °C (watt)	ΔT42,5 °C (watt)	ΔT60 °C (watt)	exponent n
383731	1190	600	50	13,2	7,0	525	269	425	667	1,31127
383732	1600	600	50	17,1	9,0	704	356	567	899	1,33544

## Chrome

code	h (mm)	width (mm)	pipe centre (mm)	weight (kg)	water (lt)	ΔT50 °C (watt)	ΔT30 °C (watt)	ΔT42,5 °C (watt)	ΔT60 °C (watt)	exponent n
383737	1190	600	50	13,7	7,0	342	166	272	443	1,41791
383738	1600	600	50	16,9	9,0	383	183	304	498	1,43951

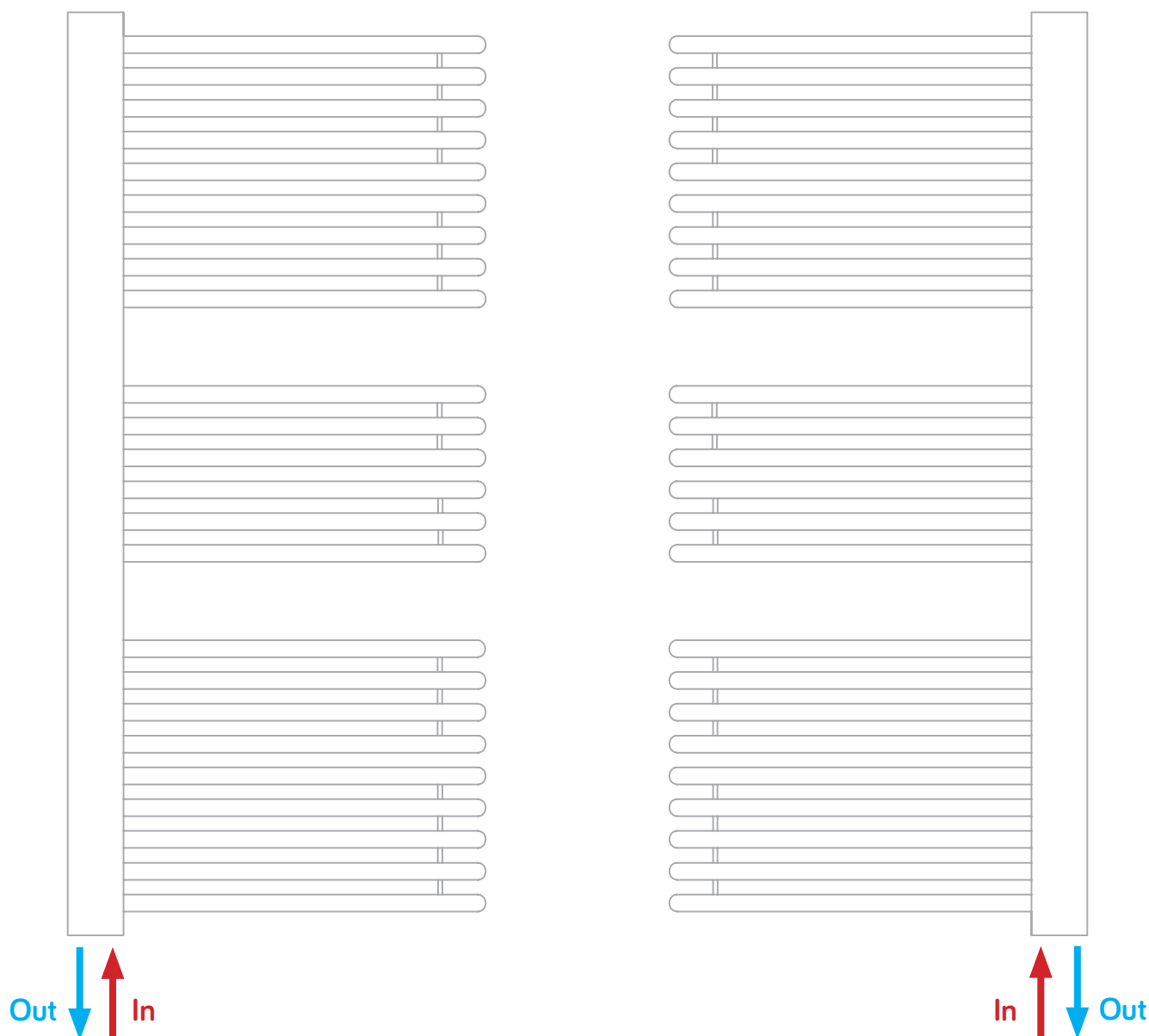
## White VOV09

code	h (mm)	width (mm)	pipe centre (mm)	weight (kg)	water (lt)	ΔT50 °C (watt)	ΔT30 °C (watt)	ΔT42,5 °C (watt)	ΔT60 °C (watt)	exponent n
383733	1190	600	50	13,2	7,0	525	269	425	667	1,31127
383734	1600	600	50	17,1	9,0	704	356	567	899	1,33544

## Anthracite VOV12

code	h (mm)	width (mm)	pipe centre (mm)	weight (kg)	water (lt)	ΔT50 °C (watt)	ΔT30 °C (watt)	ΔT42,5 °C (watt)	ΔT60 °C (watt)	exponent n
383735	1190	600	50	13,2	7,0	525	269	425	667	1,31127
383736	1600	600	50	17,1	9,0	704	356	567	899	1,33544

## Suggested installations



Our radiators are tested in qualified laboratories according to EN-442 regulations which determine the output value by fixing the  $\Delta T$  at 50 °C.  $\Delta T$  is the difference between the average temperature of the water inside the radiator and the room temperature. The formula is:  $\phi_x = \phi_{\Delta T50} * (\Delta T_x / 50)^n$ .

Ex.:  $((75+65)/2) - 20 = 50$  °C. For output values with a different  $\Delta T$  use the following formula:  $\phi_x = \phi_{\Delta T50} * (\Delta T_x / 50)^n$ .

See calculation example of the output at  $\Delta T$  60 °C of article 383731:  $525 * (60/50)^{1,31127} = 667$ .

Output values in kcal/h = watt x 0,85984. Output values in btu = watt x 3,412.

### KEY

$T_1$  = supply temperature -  $T_2$  = return temperature -  $T_3$  = room temperature.

$\phi_x$  = output to be calculated -  $\phi_{\Delta T50}$  = output at  $\Delta T$  50 °C (table) -  $\Delta T_x$  =  $\Delta T$  value to be calculated -  $n$  = exponent "n" (table).